## VIPA System 300S



SPEED7-PS | 307-1FB70 | Manual
HB140E_PS | RE_307-1FB70 | Rev. 09/45
November 2009
art of automation

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- 2004/108/EC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive
- 2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive

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## Contents

> This manual describes the Co Power Supply PS 307S_Co for the CPU 317S SPEED7 from VIPA. Here you may find every information for commissioning and operation.
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## About this manual

## Objective and contents

This manual describes the Co Power Supply for the CPU 317 S SPEED7 from VIPA. It contains a description of the construction and usage together with the CPU 317S.
This manual is part of the documentation package with order number VIPA HB140E_PS and relevant for:

| Product | Order number | as of HW state |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PS 307S_Co | VIPA 307-1FB70 | 01 |

Target audience

Structure of the manual

## Guide to the document

The manual is targeted at users who have a background in automation technology.

The manual consists of chapters. Every chapter provides a self-contained description of a specific topic.

The following guides are available in the manual:

- an overall table of contents at the beginning of the manual
- an overview of the topics for every chapter
- an index at the end of the manual.

Availability The manual is available in:

- printed form, on paper
- in electronic form as PDF-file (Adobe Acrobat Reader)

Icons Important passages in the text are highlighted by following icons and Headings


## Danger!

Immediate or likely danger.
Personal injury is possible.

## Attention!

Damages to property is likely if these warnings are not heeded.

## Note!

Supplementary information and useful tips.

## Safety information

## Applications conforming with specifications



Documentation

The Co Power Supply is constructed and produced for:

- the common deployment with the CPU 317S SPEED7 from VIPA
- communication and process control
- general control and automation applications
- industrial applications
- operation within the environmental conditions specified in the technical data
- installation into a cubicle


## Danger!

This device is not certified for applications in

- in explosive environments (EX-zone)

The manual must be available to all personnel in the

- project design department
- installation department
- commissioning
- operation

The following conditions must be met before using or commissioning the components described in this manual:

- Modification to the process control system should only be carried out when the system has been disconnected from power!
- Installation and modifications only by properly trained personnel
- The national rules and regulations of the respective country must be satisfied (installation, safety, EMC ...)

Disposal National rules and regulations apply to the disposal of the unit!

## Chapter 1 Assembly and installation guidelines

Overview In this chapter you will find all information, required for the installation and the cabling of a PLC system with the components of the System 300 and the Co Power Supply.
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## Overview

## General

Depending upon the CPU type besides the serial standard bus there is additionally a parallel SPEED-Bus integrated to the CPU. There up to 10 modules of the SPEED-Bus periphery may be connected.
While the standard peripheral modules are plugged-in at the right side of the CPU, the SPEED-Bus peripheral modules are connected via a SPEEDBus bus connector at the left side of the CPU.
VIPA delivers profile rails with integrated SPEED-Bus for 2 , 6 , or 10 SPEED-Bus peripheral modules with different lengths.


## Serial Standard bus

Parallel SPEED-Bus

The single modules are directly installed on a profile rail and connected via the backplane bus connector. Before installing the modules you have to clip the backplane bus connector to the module from the backside.
A backplane bus connector is scope of delivery of a peripheral module.

With SPEED-Bus the bus connection happens via a SPEED-Bus rail integrated in the profile rail at the left side of the CPU. Due to the parallel SPEED-Bus not all slots must be occupied in sequence.

At SLOT 1 DCDC you may plug either a SPEED-Bus module or the Co Power Supply PS 307S Co - exclusively with deployment of the CPU 317S.

You may assemble the System 300 horizontally, vertically or lying.


Please regard the allowed environment temperatures:

- horizontal assembly: from 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- vertical assembly: from 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- lying assembly: from 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


## Installation dimensions

Dimensions basic enclosure

## Dimensions

1tier width (WxHxD) in mm: $40 \times 125 \times 120$


## Installation

dimensions


## Assembly SPEED-Bus

Pre-manufactured For the deployment of SPEED-Bus modules, a pre-manufactured SPEED-SPEED-Bus profile rail Bus rail is required. This is available mounted on a profile rail with 2,6 or 10 extension plug-in locations.


Installation of the profile rail

- Bolt the profile rail with the background (screw size: M6), so that you still have minimum 65 mm space above and 40 mm below the profile rail.
- Please look for a low-impedance connection between profile rail and background

- Connect the profile rail with the protected earth conductor.
The minimum cross-section of the cable to the protected earth conductor has to be $10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.


## Profile rail



| Order number | SPEED- <br> Bus Slot | A | B | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VIPA 390-1AB60 | - | 160 mm | 140 mm | 10 mm |
| VIPA 390-1AE80 | - | 482 mm | 466 mm | $8,3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| VIPA 390-1AF30 | - | 530 mm | 500 mm | 15 mm |
| VIPA 390-1AJ30 | - | 830 mm | 800 mm | 15 mm |
| VIPA 390-9BC00* $^{*}$ | - | 2000 mm | - | 15 mm |
| VIPA 391-1AF10 | 2 | 530 mm | 500 mm | 15 mm |
| VIPA 391-1AF30 | 6 | 530 mm | 500 mm | 15 mm |
| VIPA 391-1AF50 | 10 | 530 mm | 500 mm | 15 mm |
| VIPA 391-1AF80 | 16 | 830 mm | 800 mm | 15 mm |

Installation
SPEED-Bus-
Module


Installation CPU
without Standard-
Bus-Modules


- Dismantle the according protection flaps of the SPEED-Bus plug-in locations with a screwdriver (open and pull down).
For the SPEED-Bus is a parallel bus, not all SPEED-Bus plug-in locations must be used in series. Leave the protection flap installed at an unused SPEED-Bus plug-in location.
- At deployment of a DC 24 V power supply, install it at the shown position at the profile rail at the left side of the SPEED-Bus and push it to the left to the isolation bolt of the profile rail.
- Fix the power supply by screwing.
- To connect the SPEED-Bus modules, plug it between the triangular positioning helps to a plug-in location marked with "SLOT ..." and pull it down.
- Only the "SLOT1 DCDC" allows you to plug-in either a SPEED-Bus module or the Co Power Supply PS 307S_Co - exclusive together with the CPU 317S.
- Fix the modules by screwing.
- To deploy the SPEED7-CPU exclusively at the SPEED-Bus, plug it between the triangular positioning helps to the plug-in location marked with "CPU SPEED7" and pull it down.
- Fix the CPU by screwing.

Please regard that only the CPU $31 x \mathrm{~S}$ may be deployed at the SPEED-Bus!

Installation CPU
with Standard-Bus-
Modules


- If also standard modules shall be plugged, take a bus coupler and click it at the CPU from behind like shown in the picture.
- Plug the CPU between the triangular positioning helps to the plug-in location marked with "CPU SPEED7" and pull it down.
- Fix the CPU by screwing.


## Installation

Standard-Bus-

## Modules



- Repeat this procedure with the peripheral modules, by clicking a backplane bus coupler, stick the module right from the modules you've already fixed, click it downwards and connect it with the backplane bus coupler of the last module and bolt it.


## Danger!

- Before installing or overhauling the System 300V, the power supplies must be disconnected from voltage (pull the plug or remove the fuse)!
- Installation and modifications only by properly trained personne!!


## Cabling

The Co Power Supply is exclusively delivered with CageClamp contacts. Here the DC 24 V power supply may be connected.

## Danger!

- Before installation or overhauling, the power supplies must be disconnected from voltage (pull the plug or remove the fuse)!
- Installation and modifications only by properly trained personne!!

For the cabling gray connectors with CageClamp technology are used.

## technology (gray)

CageClamp
(1)

(2)

(3)


You may connect wires with a cross-section of $0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$. You can use flexible wires without end case as well as stiff wires.

You fix the conductors to the CageClamps like this:

[1] Rectangular opening for screwdriver
[2] Round opening for wires

The picture on the left side shows the cabling step by step from top view.

- To conduct a wire you plug a fitting screwdriver obliquely into the rectangular opening like shown in the picture.
- To open the contact spring you have to push the screwdriver in the opposite direction and hold it.
- Insert the insulation striped wire into the round opening. You may use wires with a cross-section from $0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.
- By removing the screwdriver the wire is connected safely with the plug connector via a spring.


## Installation guidelines

General The installation guidelines contain information about the interference free deployment of System 300 systems. There is the description of the ways, interference may occur in your control, how you can make sure the electromagnetic digestibility (EMC), and how you manage the isolation.

What means EMC?

Possible interference causes

Electromagnetic digestibility (EMC) means the ability of an electrical device, to function error free in an electromagnetic environment without being interferenced res. without interferencing the environment.
All System 300 components are developed for the deployment in hard industrial environments and fulfill high demands on the EMC. Nevertheless you should project an EMC planning before installing the components and take conceivable interference causes into account.

Electromagnetic interferences may interfere your control via different ways:

- Fields
- I/O signal conductors
- Bus system
- Current supply
- Protected earth conductor

Depending on the spreading medium (lead bound or lead free) and the distance to the interference cause, interferences to your control occur by means of different coupling mechanisms.
One differs:

- galvanic coupling
- capacitve coupling
- inductive coupling
- radiant coupling


## Basic rules for

 EMCIn the most times it is enough to take care of some elementary rules to guarantee the EMC. Please regard the following basic rules when installing your PLC.

- Take care of a correct area-wide grounding of the inactive metal parts when installing your components.
- Install a central connection between the ground and the protected earth conductor system.
- Connect all inactive metal extensive and impedance-low.
- Please try not to use aluminum parts. Aluminum is easily oxidizing and is therefore less suitable for grounding.
- When cabling, take care of the correct line routing.
- Organize your cabling in line groups (high voltage, current supply, signal and data lines).
- Always lay your high voltage lines and signal res. data lines in separate channels or bundles.
- Route the signal and data lines as near as possible beside ground areas (e.g. suspension bars, metal rails, tin cabinet).
- Proof the correct fixing of the lead isolation.
- Data lines must be laid isolated.
- Analog lines must be laid isolated. When transmitting signals with small amplitudes the one sided laying of the isolation may be favorable.
- Lay the line isolation extensively on an isolation/protected earth conductor rail directly after the cabinet entry and fix the isolation with cable clamps.
- Make sure that the isolation/protected earth conductor rail is connected impedance-low with the cabinet.
- Use metallic or metalized plug cases for isolated data lines.
- In special use cases you should appoint special EMC actions.
- Wire all inductivities with erase links, which are not addressed by the System 300 modules.
- For lightening cabinets you should prefer incandescent lamps and avoid luminescent lamps.
- Create a homogeneous reference potential and ground all electrical operating supplies when possible.
- Please take care for the targeted employment of the grounding actions. The grounding of the PLC is a protection and functionality activity.
- Connect installation parts and cabinets with the System 300V in star topology with the isolation/protected earth conductor system. So you avoid ground loops.
- If potential differences between installation parts and cabinets occur, lay sufficiently dimensioned potential compensation lines.


## Isolation of conductors

Electrical, magnetically and electromagnetic interference fields are weakened by means of an isolation, one talks of absorption.
Via the isolation rail, that is connected conductive with the rack, interference currents are shunt via cable isolation to the ground. Hereby you have to make sure, that the connection to the protected earth conductor is impedance-low, because otherwise the interference currents may appear as interference cause.

When isolating cables you have to regard the following:

- If possible, use only cables with isolation tangle.
- The hiding power of the isolation should be higher than $80 \%$.
- Normally you should always lay the isolation of cables on both sides. Only by means of the both-sided connection of the isolation you achieve high quality interference suppression in the higher frequency area.
Only as exception you may also lay the isolation one-sided. Then you only achieve the absorption of the lower frequencies. A one-sided isolation connection may be convenient, if:
- the conduction of a potential compensating line is not possible
- analog signals (some mV res. $\mu \mathrm{A}$ ) are transferred
- foil isolations (static isolations) are used.
- With data lines always use metallic or metalized plugs for serial couplings. Fix the isolation of the data line at the plug rack. Do not lay the isolation on the PIN 1 of the plug bar!
- At stationary operation it is convenient to strip the insulated cable interruption free and lay it on the isolation/protected earth conductor line.
- To fix the isolation tangles use cable clamps out of metal. The clamps must clasp the isolation extensively and have well contact.
- Lay the isolation on an isolation rail directly after the entry of the cable in the cabinet. Lead the isolation further on to the System 300 V module and don't lay it on there again!


## Please regard at installation!

At potential differences between the grounding points, there may be a compensation current via the isolation connected at both sides.
Remedy: Potential compensation line

## Chapter 2 Hardware description and deployment

| Overview | Here the hardware structure and the deployment of the Co Power Supply <br> together with the CPU 317S is described. <br> The technical data are at the end of the chapter. |
| :--- | :--- |

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## Safety Information for Users

Handling of electrostatic sensitive modules

VIPA modules make use of highly integrated components in MOSTechnology. These components are extremely sensitive to over-voltages that can occur during electrostatic discharges.
The following symbol is attached to modules that can be destroyed by electrostatic discharges.


The symbol is located on the module, the module rack or on packing material and it indicates the presence of electrostatic sensitive equipment.
It is possible that electrostatic sensitive equipment is destroyed by energies and voltages that are far less than the human threshold of perception. These voltages can occur where persons do not discharge themselves before handling electrostatic sensitive modules and they can damage components thereby, causing the module to become inoperable or unusable. Modules, damaged in this way, are normally not immediately recognized. The according error may occur only after a while of operation.
Modules that have been damaged by electrostatic discharges can fail after a temperature change, mechanical shock or changes in the electrical load.
Only the consequent implementation of protection devices and meticulous attention to the applicable rules and regulations for handling the respective equipment can prevent failures of electrostatic sensitive modules.

Shipping of modules Modules must be shipped in the original packing material.

## Measurements and alterations on electrostatic sensitive modules

When you are conducting measurements on electrostatic sensitive modules you should take the following precautions:

- Floating instruments must be discharged before use.
- Instruments must be grounded.

Modifying electrostatic sensitive modules you should only use soldering irons with grounded tips.

## Attention!

Personnel and instruments should be grounded when working on electrostatic sensitive modules.

## Properties

## Co Power Supply exclusive for CPU 317S

- Operates exclusive together with the CPU 317 S
- Output current 5.5A - extends the maximum total value at the backplane bus (Standard bus + SPEED-Bus) to 10A
- Automatic start-up with the power supply of the CPU 317S
- Defined power-down at failure of one of the power supplies
- Protection against short circuits and overloads
- Protection against overheat
- Efficiency typ. $90 \%$ at $I_{\text {Nom }}$


Order data

| Order number | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| VIPA 307-1FB70 | Co Power Supply DC 24V |

## Structure

PS 307S Co 307-1FB70

[1] LEDs status display
The following component is beneath a flap:
[2] Connector for DC 24V
Power supply

DC 24V input


The Co Power Supply is to be provided with DC 24 V by means of this connector. The connector is to be found beneath the front flap.

LEDs

Operation
The Co Power Supply has got one row of LEDs at the front side. The following table shows you the usage and the according colors.

| Label | Color | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| PWR | green | activated power supply by front side <br> SF |
| red | Error / Co Power Supply inactive <br> On: If missing power supply of the CPU 317S, if <br> wrong slot respectively if not mounted at SPEED- <br> Bus. |  |

As soon as the DC 24 V input voltage is present at CPU 317S and Co Power Supply, the output voltage to the backplane bus is issued.
Here maximally 10A of total current are available at the backplane bus (Standard bus + SPEED-Bus).
If the input voltage is missing at one power supply the other power supply remains inactive. If one of the power supplies is missing during operation a power-down is generated and the system is defined powered down. Here both power supplies are powered-off. After one second there is a restart executed.

## Attention!

The Co Power Supply may only be (de-)connected at off-circuit conditions.

## Technical data

## Co Power Supply <br> PS 307S_Co

| Electrical Data | VIPA 307-1FB70 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dimensions and weight | $40 \times 125 \times 120 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Dimensions (WxHxD) | 250 g |
| Weight | DC 24 V |
| Voltages, Currents, Potentials | $20.4 \ldots 28.8 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| yes |  |

